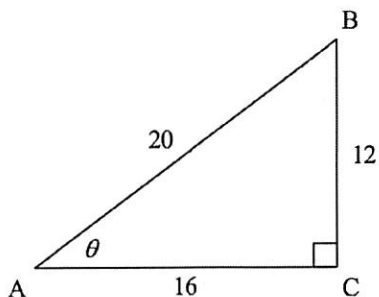


Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- ___ 1. Determine $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ to the nearest tenth.



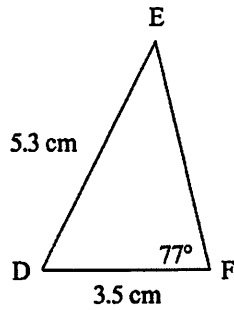
- A. $\sin \theta = 0.8$; $\cos \theta = 0.6$ C. $\sin \theta = 1.7$; $\cos \theta = 0.8$
 B. $\sin \theta = 0.6$; $\cos \theta = 0.8$ D. $\sin \theta = 0.6$; $\cos \theta = 1.3$
- ___ 2. In $\triangle XYZ$, $XY = 6$ cm and $\angle X = 33^\circ$. For which value of YZ is no triangle possible?
- A. 6 cm B. 3 cm C. 4 cm D. 12 cm

Short Answer

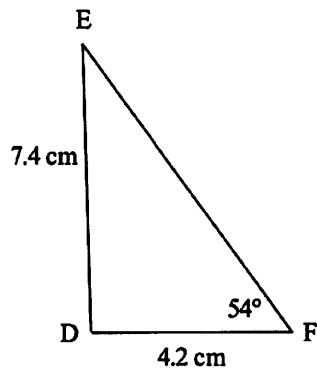
- In $\triangle KLM$, $KL = 5.1$ cm, $LM = 6.9$ cm, and $\angle M = 33^\circ$.
 - Determine how many triangles can be constructed. Justify your answer.
 - Sketch a diagram to show any possible triangles.
- Point $P(7, 9)$ is on the terminal arm of an angle θ in standard position. Determine the measure of θ to the nearest degree.
- Point $P(9, 4)$ is on the terminal arm of an angle θ in standard position. To the nearest tenth, determine the distance from the origin to P .
- An angle θ has its terminal arm in Quadrant 2. Which primary trigonometric ratio is greater than 0?
- In which quadrant does the terminal arm of a 313° angle in standard position lie?
- Determine the reference angle for the angle 290° in standard position.
- The point $P(4, -3)$ lies on the terminal arm of an angle θ in standard position. Determine the measure of θ to the nearest degree.
- Angle θ is in standard position and its terminal arm lies in Quadrant 4. The sine of its reference angle is $\frac{4}{6}$. Determine the exact value of $\cos \theta$.

9. In $\triangle DEF$, $DE = 8$ cm and $\angle D = 60^\circ$. When $EF = 7$ cm, how many triangles are possible?

10. For $\triangle DEF$, write the Sine Law equation you would use to determine the measure of $\angle E$.

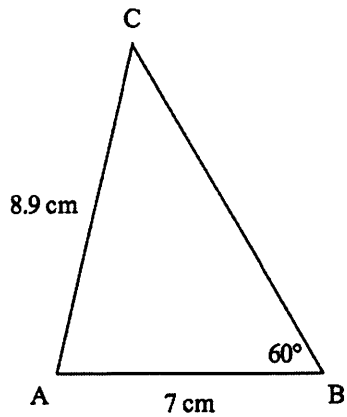


11. For $\triangle DEF$, determine the measure of $\angle E$ to the nearest degree.

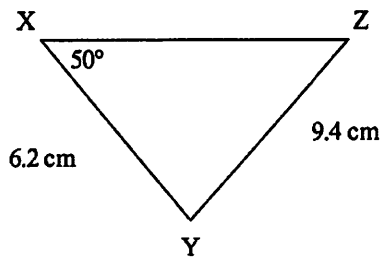


12. In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = 6$ cm, $BC = 7$ cm, and $\angle A = 47^\circ$, how many triangles can be drawn?

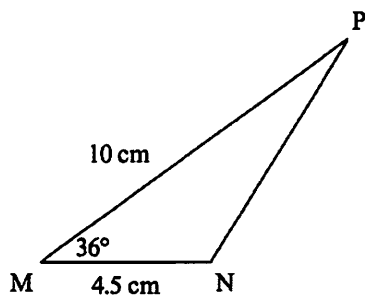
13. For $\triangle ABC$, determine the measure of $\angle A$ to the nearest degree.



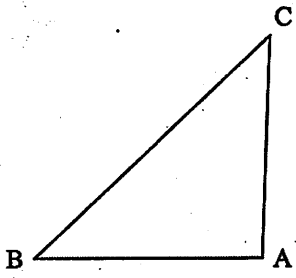
14. For $\triangle XYZ$, determine the measure of $\angle Z$ to the nearest degree and the measure of XZ to the nearest tenth of a centimetre.



15. In $\triangle PMN$, determine the length of PN to the nearest tenth of a centimetre.



16. In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = 6$ cm, $BC = 8.5$ cm, and $AC = 5.8$ cm. Determine the measure of $\angle B$ to the nearest degree.



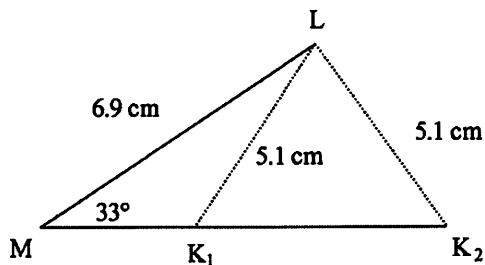
MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. ANS: B PTS: 0 DIF: Easy
 REF: 6.1 Angles in Standard Position in Quadrant 1 LOC: 11.T1
 TOP: Trigonometry KEY: Conceptual Understanding
2. ANS: B PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.3 Constructing Triangles
 LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry KEY: Procedural Knowledge

SHORT ANSWER

1. ANS:
 a) $\frac{KL}{LM} = \frac{5.1}{6.9} = 0.7391\dots$
 $\sin 33^\circ = 0.5446\dots$
 Since $\sin 33^\circ < \frac{KL}{LM} < 1$, two triangles are possible.

b)



- PTS: 0 DIF: Moderate REF: 6.4 The Sine Law
 LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry
 KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Communication

2. ANS:
 $\theta = 52^\circ$

- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.1 Angles in Standard Position in Quadrant 1
 LOC: 11.T1 TOP: Trigonometry
 KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge

3. ANS:
 9.8

- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.1 Angles in Standard Position in Quadrant 1
 LOC: 11.T1 TOP: Trigonometry
 KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge

4. ANS:
 $\sin \theta$

- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.2 Angles in Standard Position in All Quadrants
 LOC: 11.T1 TOP: Trigonometry KEY: Conceptual Understanding
5. ANS:
 Quadrant 4
- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.2 Angles in Standard Position in All Quadrants
 LOC: 11.T1 TOP: Trigonometry KEY: Conceptual Understanding
6. ANS:
 70°
- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.2 Angles in Standard Position in All Quadrants
 LOC: 11.T1 TOP: Trigonometry
 KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge
7. ANS:
 323°
- PTS: 0 DIF: Moderate REF: 6.2 Angles in Standard Position in All Quadrants
 LOC: 11.T2 TOP: Trigonometry
 KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge
8. ANS:

$$\frac{\sqrt{20}}{6}$$
- PTS: 0 DIF: Moderate REF: 6.2 Angles in Standard Position in All Quadrants
 LOC: 11.T2 TOP: Trigonometry
 KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge
9. ANS:
 2
- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.3 Constructing Triangles
 LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry KEY: Procedural Knowledge
10. ANS:

$$\frac{\sin E}{3.5} = \frac{\sin 77^\circ}{5.3}$$
- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.4 The Sine Law
 LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry KEY: Conceptual Understanding
11. ANS:
 27°
- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.4 The Sine Law
 LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry KEY: Procedural Knowledge
12. ANS:
 1
- PTS: 0 DIF: Easy REF: 6.4 The Sine Law
 LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry
 KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge

13. ANS:
77°

PTS: 0 DIF: Moderate REF: 6.4 The Sine Law
LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry
KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge

14. ANS:

$\angle Z = 30^\circ$; $XZ = 12.1$ cm

PTS: 0 DIF: Moderate REF: 6.4 The Sine Law
LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry
KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge

15. ANS:

6.9 cm

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 6.5 The Cosine Law
LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry
KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge

16. ANS:

43°

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: 6.5 The Cosine Law
LOC: 11.T3 TOP: Trigonometry
KEY: Conceptual Understanding | Procedural Knowledge