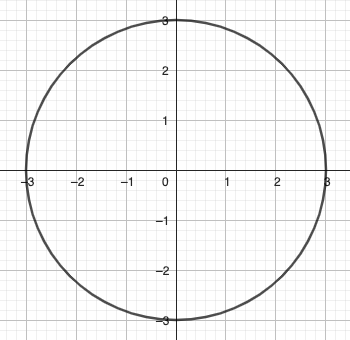
**4.2 – THE UNIT CIRCLE**

The equation of a circle with centre and radius is:

Examples:

 A graphing circle with numbers

Description automatically generated

A circle with numbers on it

Description automatically generated

The **unit circle** is the circle with centre (0,0) and radius 1.

Its equation is:

Applications:

1. Prove that is on the unit circle.
2. is on the unit circle. Determine the possible values of .

The unit circle is a useful tool, because for any angle in standard position, the angle and the arc length subtended by the angle have the same value. But more importantly, we can notice that **if a point is on the unit circle, its coordinates are** , where is the angle in standard position that locates the point on the circle.

A circle with a triangle in the center

Description automatically generated

Remembering the “special” values learned in Precalc 11, we get the coordinates of the special points of the unit circle…

We also need to remember the tangent values that we can get back using the equation:

The special “couples” for sin and cos were: and vice versa.

The special values for tan were: 0 or undef or

A circular graph with points and lines

Description automatically generated

**Hwk: p 186 # 1 – 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 17, 19**